Subject: Mathematics (A Level)

Year 12	Year 13
Algebra and Proof: Students explore indices and surds, quadratic functions and their graphs, algebraic division	Algebra and Proof: Further algebraic division and factorising;
and factor theorem. They also learn about simultaneous equations.	Functions; Combinations of transformations; Rc
<u>Geometry</u> : Students have an opportunity to further apply their knowledge and skills with linear graphs and equations, circle theorems and vectors in two dimensions.	<u>Geometry</u> : Parametric equations and conversion between C functions and relations defined implicitly or po
Calculus: Students explore differentiation; from first principles, as a rate of change, differentiation of polynomials and in application to graphs and optimisation.	<u>Calculus</u> : Differentiation and integration of trigonometric, e Convex and Concave sections of curves and points
Students also study integration of polynomials, the evaluation of definite integrals and how to find areas in different contexts.	
Trigonometry: Students explore Sine and Cosine rules, the area of a Triangle, trigonometric functions and graphs, trigonometric Identities and work on solving trigonometric equations.	<u>Trigonometry:</u> Small angle approximations; Definitions and C Formulae; Radians; Understand and use compou
Exponentials and Logarithms : Students learn about the function ax_{ax} and its graph, where a is positive including exponentials and bx_{ax} and bx	<i>ex</i> . They learn the definition and graph of logax <i>logax</i> as well as the
Sequences and Series: Students practise binomial expansion for positive powers and make links to binomial probabilities.	Sequences and Series: Students understand binomial the sequences sigma notation, arithmetic sequences and se sequences and series
	Mechanics: Students learn and apply the language of mechanics and rotating forces through
	<u>Statistics</u> : Students explore statistical models, common representations), normal and common representations), normal and common statistical models.

Modulus of Linear Functions; Composite and Inverse ational Functions into Partial Fractions.

Cartesian and parametric forms; Differentiate simple arametrically, for first derivative only.

exponential, logarithmic, and complex functions; s of inflection; Integration as a limit of a sum.

Graphs of Sec, Cosec, and Cot; Compound Angle und angle formulae; Trigonometric Proof.

the laws of logarithms and exponentials in modelling.

eorem with any rational power. They learn about eries, geometric sequences and series as well as in modelling.

nanical systems, kinematics, Newton's laws of motion h use of moments.

presentations, probabilities (conditional, mutually and binomial distributions and hypothesis testing.